

2025 MCAS-Alt
STRAND COVER SHEET

(A completed Strand Cover Sheet must be included at the beginning of each strand being submitted.)

(1) Student's Name: **Alex Keaton**

(2) Student's grade as reported in the Student Information Management System (SIMS): **05**

(3) a. Content Area (Subject): **Mathematics**

b. Strand: **Number and Operations in Base Ten**

c. Learning Standard: **5.NBT.B.6 Find whole-number quotients of whole numbers with up to four-digit dividends and two-digit divisors, using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations, and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.**

(List the standard number for the grade in which the student was reported in SIMS.)

(4) Level of complexity: Student addressed the learning standard in this strand ...

through an "access skill"
practiced during academic
instruction

(Resource Guide, Page: __)

through an "entry point"
(Resource Guide, Page: 54)

For a student working at
"grade-level," use Work
Descriptions for Grade Level
or Competency Portfolios,
instead of this form.

(5) Measurable outcome: Select a challenging skill from the Resource Guide that the student is expected to learn as a result of instruction at the appropriate level of complexity, and the percent of accuracy and independence required for mastery. (for example, "student will summarize key events in a literary text with 80% accuracy and 100% independence").

Alex will round whole numbers to the nearest 100 using place value with 80% accuracy and 100% independence.

(6) Adaptations, accommodations, and/or modifications routinely used by the student during instruction of this skill, including augmentative or alternative communication (AAC) system, if used:

Evidence Page Type	My Description
Bar Graph	Rounding
Work Sample Description	10/17 Rounding Round-Up
Work Sample Description	10/18 Rounding Robots

(Continue list on additional paper, if needed.)

MCAS-Ait SKILLS SURVEY

Student's Name: **Alex Keaton**

Grade: **05**

Date of Survey: **9/23/2024**

Grade 5 Mathematics

Number and Operations in Base Ten

Using objects, manipulatives, technology, or paper-pencil, student can:		A 0% (unable)	B Up to 25% (rarely)	C Up to 50% (occasionally)	D Up to 75% (more often than not)	E Up to 100% (almost always)
1.	Count by ones to 10.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
2.	Represent up to 5 objects with numerals, including 0.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
3.	Compose numbers from 1 to 9 to create 10, using objects.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4.	Count by tens to 100.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5.	Count forward beginning from a given number up to 100 (e.g., count on from 23).	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.	Identify "ten more" (or "ten less") than a given two-digit number.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7.	Add and subtract single-digit numbers.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8.	Add and subtract two-digit numbers.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9.	Round a given amount of money to the nearest dollar (e.g., \$2.57 rounds to \$3.00).	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10.	Round whole three-digit numbers to the nearest 100.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
11.	Multiply a one-digit number by a two-digit number.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
12.	Divide a three-digit number by a one-digit number (without remainders).	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

2025 MCAS-Alt | BAR GRAPH (instructional data summarizing the student's performance on each date)

Accuracy: ■

Independence: ■

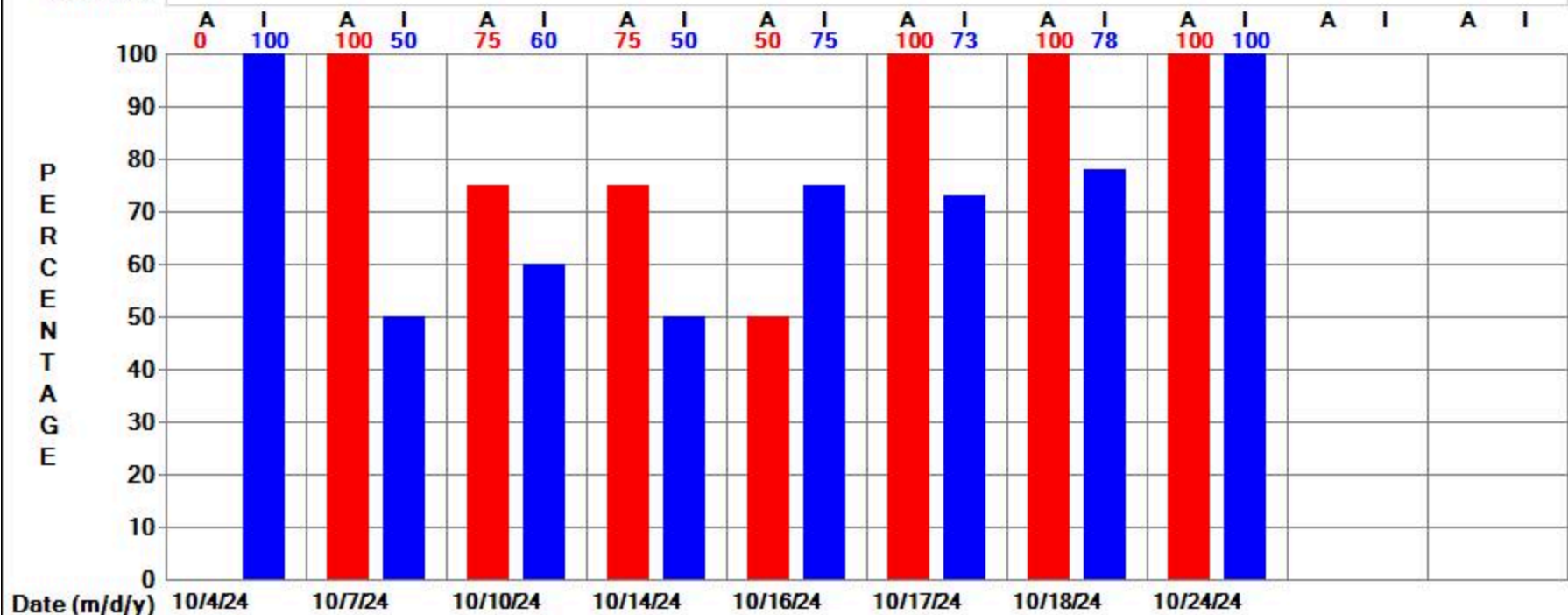
COMPLETE ALL INFORMATION BELOW. AT LEAST EIGHT (8) DIFFERENT DATES ARE REQUIRED.

Student Name: Alex Keaton

Content Area/Strand: Mathematics/Number and Operations in Base Ten

LS #: 5.NBT.B.6

Measurable Outcome: Alex will round whole numbers to the nearest 100 using place value with 80% accuracy and 100% independence.



Date (m/d/y)	10/4/24	10/7/24	10/10/24	10/14/24	10/16/24	10/17/24	10/18/24	10/24/24		
Brief Description (What was student asked to do and how did they do it?)	Rounding worksheet with 5 three-digit numbers was given to Alex. He was asked to round to the nearest hundred.	Given a worksheet with 4 three-digit numbers, Alex had to round to the nearest hundred on the page	Alex drew lines from 3-digit numbers in the left column to the nearest hundred on the right column on the whiteboard.	Using a game format, Alex chose 4 cards from a stack and then had to find the correct nearest hundred from the cards his peers were holding	Bingo round-up. Using a bingo card with numbers 100-800 Alex had to place a mark on his card based on the 3-digit number called by the teacher to the nearest hundred	Using a worksheet Rounding Round-Up, Alex had to cut and paste the number that would round up to the nearest hundred in each box. Each box was labeled 100, 200, 300, and 400	On a worksheet, Rounding Robots, Alex drew lines from the 3-digit number on the robot from either the left or right column to the nearest hundred in the middle column.	Alex was given a worksheet with number lines from 0-1,000. Each number line had a different 3-digit number to round to the nearest hundred. He circled the correct one.		

WORK SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

(Complete and attach one label to each work sample or write this information directly on each piece. Do not use this label for data charts or videotapes.)

Name: **Alex Keaton**

Date (m/d/y): **10/17/24**

ACCURACY: **100%**

INDEPENDENCE: **73 %**

Subject: **Mathematics**

Strand: **Number and Operations in Base Ten**

Learning Standard:

5.NBT.B.6 Find whole-number quotients of whole numbers with up to four-digit dividends and two-digit divisors, using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations, and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.

Self-Evaluation: (Must be completed by, or scribed at the direction of, the student; evidence of student **choice** must be shown)

Measurable Outcome:

Alex will round whole numbers to the nearest 100 using place value with 80% accuracy and 100% independence.

Briefly describe what the student was asked to do and how he/she did it:

Using a worksheet Rounding Round-Up, Alex had to cut and paste the number that would round up to the nearest hundred in each box. Each box was labeled 100, 200, 300, and 400

100% Acc.
73% Ind.

10/17/24

Name Alex

Rounding Round Up

Directions: Cut and paste the numbers with the hundred they round to

73 C 100

123 C

112 C

51 C P

200

185 C

235 C

174 C

170 C P

300

264 C P

312 C

325 C

427 C 400

383 C

350 C P

449 C

WORK SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

(Complete and attach one label to each work sample or write this information directly on each piece. Do not use this label for data charts or videotapes.)

Name: **Alex Keaton**

Date (m/d/y): **10/18/24**

ACCURACY: **100%**

INDEPENDENCE: **78 %**

Subject: **Mathematics**

Strand: **Number and Operations in Base Ten**

Learning Standard:

5.NBT.B.6 Find whole-number quotients of whole numbers with up to four-digit dividends and two-digit divisors, using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations, and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.

Self-Evaluation: (Must be completed by, or scribed at the direction of, the student; evidence of student **choice** must be shown)

see attached self-eval

Measurable Outcome:

Alex will round whole numbers to the nearest 100 using place value with 80% accuracy and 100% independence.

Briefly describe what the student was asked to do and how he/she did it:

On a worksheet, Rounding Robots, Alex drew lines from the 3-digit number on the robot from either the left or right column to the nearest hundred in the middle column.

100% Acc.
78% Ind.

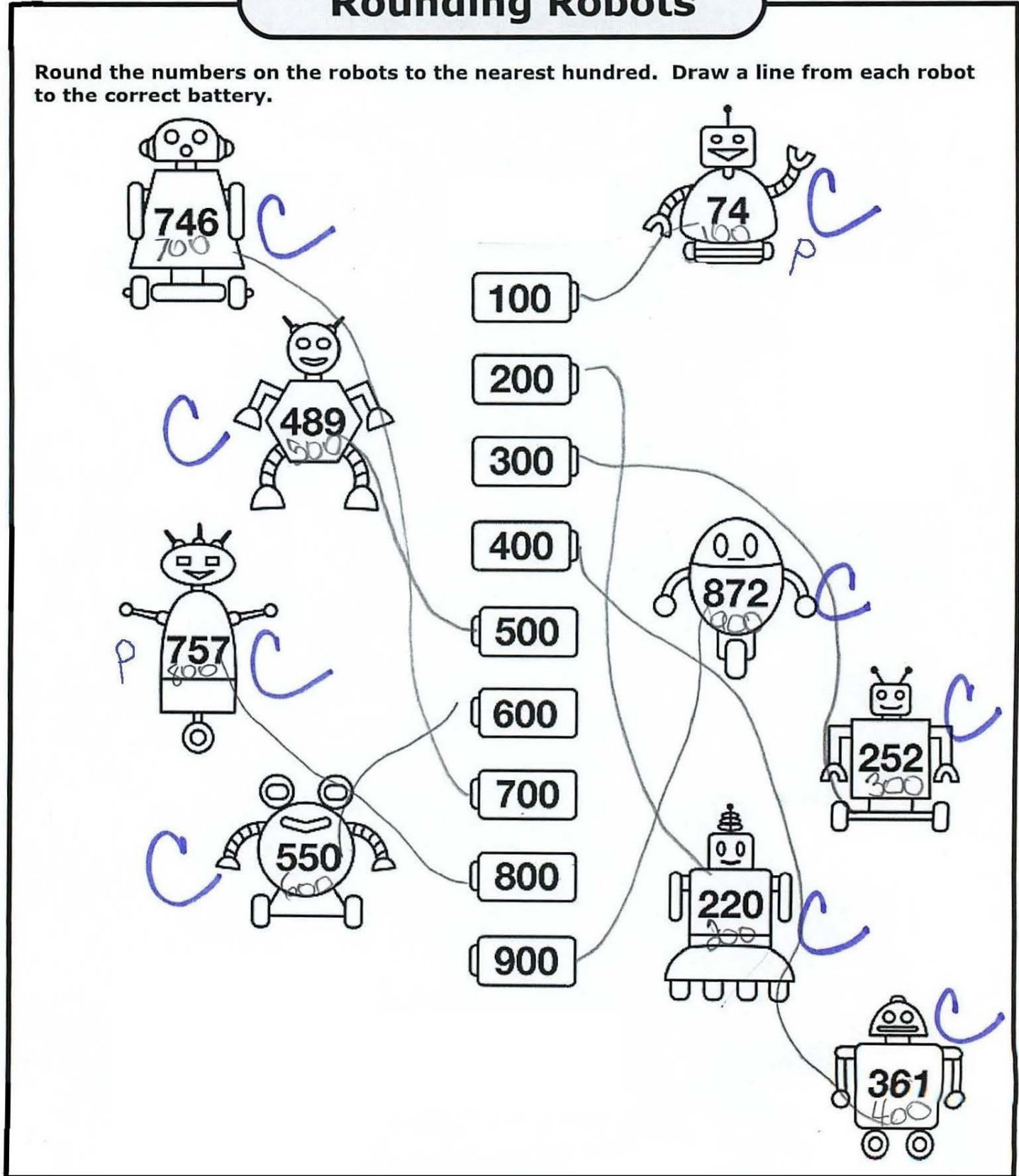
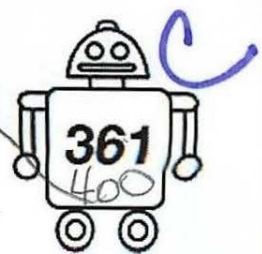
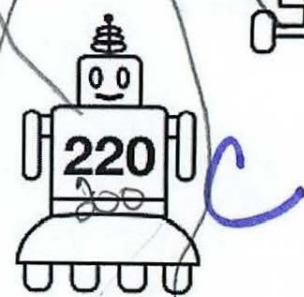
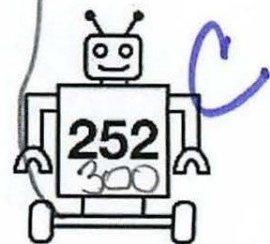
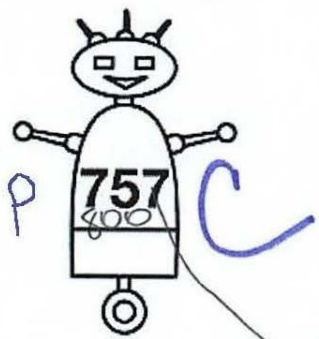
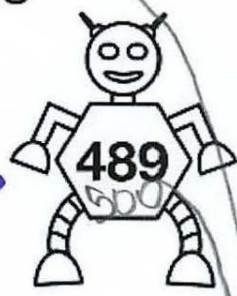
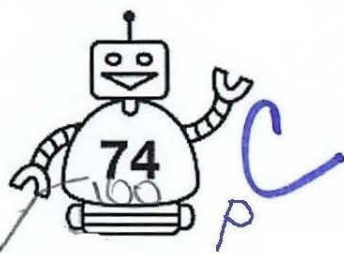
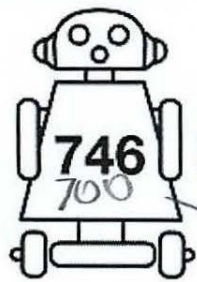
Name: Alex

Rounding to the nearest hundred

10/18/24

Rounding Robots

Round the numbers on the robots to the nearest hundred. Draw a line from each robot to the correct battery.



Name Alex

Date 10/18/24

Self-Evaluation



The activity I completed today was called Bounding Robots

I thought the activity was (easy / easy with help / challenging).

I asked for help (only a little / sometimes / many times).

I think that I did (my best work / good work / work which needs improvement).



One new thing I learned was

100B between the hundreds



One thing that I liked about this activity was

putting the number no the
Robots



My goal for the next time I work on this skill is

I will do my best work